united States Department of Agriculture

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Veterinary Services

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Animal Welfare Enforcement Fiscal Year 1987

Report of the Secretary of Agriculture to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Secretary of Agriculture reports annually on the enforcement and administration of the Animal Welfare Act (AWA) (7 U.S.C. 2131 et. seq.), as required by section 25 of the Act. That section states "This report as well as any supporting documents, data, or findings shall not be released to any other persons, non-Federal agencies, or organizations unless and until it has been made public by an appropriate committee of the Senate or the House of Representatives."

This report covers Fiscal Year (FY) 1987, which began October 1, 1986, and ended September 30, 1987.

Summary

U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) officials inspected 6,732 licensed or registered facilities (8,244 sites) at an average rate of 1.6 times per site in FY 1987 to enforce compliance with the AWA. When inspections disclosed deficiencies, USDA inspectors advised owners or managers of what corrections were necessary to bring their facilities into compliance.

Facilities with repeated deficiencies or critical or flagrant violations required formal action. After thorough investigations, 145 apparent violation cases were forwarded to the USDA's Office of the General Counsel for consideration of administrative prosecution. Forty-four cases were settled through procedures resulting in the imposition of license suspensions or revocations, cease-and-desist orders, civil penalties, or a combination of these sanctions.

USDA settled an additional 180 less serious violations by implemented Notice of Warning.

An annual report of research activities (VS Form 18-23) was submitted by 1,260 public and . private research facilities and 160 Federal research facilities. These reports show that 58.2 percent of laboratory animals protected under the AWA were not exposed to painful or distressing procedures. Another 35.2 percent of the animals were administered anesthetics, analgesics, or tranquilizers. For 6.6 percent of the animals, facilities did not provide pain relief because it would have interfered with test or research results.

Appropriation for FY 1987

The appropriation for animal welfare enforcement for FY 1987 was \$5.88 million. Of this sum, \$750,000 was allocated to the National Agricultural Library for the development of an information system. The information system was established under the 1985 amendment to the Act (Public Law 99-198) to help prevent unneeded duplication of animal experiments, and to provide information on improved methods of experiments so as to reduce pain.

Legislation

Animal welfare legislation enacted in 1966 (Public Law 89-544) regulated animal dealers who were raising dogs and cats for laboratory research, as well as laboratories conducting research on dogs, cats, hamsters, guinea pigs, rabbits, and nonhuman primates.

A 1970 amendment (Public Law 91-579) broadened coverage of the 1966 Act to most other warmblooded animals, including those used for research or exhibition or sold as pets at the wholesale level. An amendment in 1976 (Public Law 94-279) further extended coverage to include live-animal transportation by intermediate handlers and airlines.

The Act was amended a third time in December 1985, when the "Improved Standards for Laboratory Animals Act" was passed as part of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-198). This amendment requires that the Secretary issue standards for the exercise of dogs in research facilities and for a physical environment adequate to promote the psychological well-being of primates. The amendment requires, among other things, that in practices involving pain, the facility consider alternatives and consult a veterinarian in the planning of such procedures and for the presurgical and postsurgical care of the animals.-In addition, the amendment requires that standards be developed to ensure the proper use of tranquilizers, analgesics, and anesthetics, and to restrict the use of animals in multiple major operative experiments. The amendment requires that each facility establish an institutional animal committee to inspect all animal facilities and review practices involving pain to animals and the condition of the animals. The committees are also to monitor research projects and file an inspection certification report.

Regulations

Administration and enforcement of the animal welfare program are assigned to the USDA. The AWA directs the USDA to develop regulations ensuring

the humane care and treatment of animals. The regulations are published in Parts 1, 2, and 3 of Title 9 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), and include minimum standards for handling, housing, feeding, and watering animals; for sheltering them from extremes of weather and temperature; and for separating incompatible animals. They also include standards for sanitation, ventilation, veterinary care, and transportation. The AWA excludes poultry, horses, and other farm animals from regulation when used for agricultural production or in studies to improve agricultural production. The Secretary has excluded birds, rats, and mice by regulation.

On March 31, 1987, USDA published a notice of proposed rulemaking in the Federal Register (F.R. Vol. 52, No. 61, pages 10292-10322). The proposed rules for Parts 1 and 2 of 9 CFR include a general revision of the present regulations and all the requirements of the 1985 amendments, except standards for the exercise of dogs and the psychological well-being of primates.

The USDA received 7,857 comments in response to the proposed rulemaking. Sixty-nine percent of the comments were from the public sector, 18 percent were from the research community, and 13 percent were from dealers and exhibitors. A task force was established in August 1987 to catalog, review, and analyze the comments in preparation for the final regulations. The USDA expects to publish final rules in FY 1988.

Standards for the exercise of dogs and the psychological

well-being of primates will be included in 9 CFR Part 3. Regulations to implement these requirements are being handled separately from Parts 1 and 2 because of their complexity and the time necessary to obtain technical data in support of the proposal.

To assist USDA in preparation of the regulations, a panel of 10 experts, selected after consultation with the National Institutes of Health, was convened in April 1987, to recommend standards for the humane housing and psychological well-being of nonhuman primates, particularly in research facilities. The panel submitted its recommendations at the end of April. In 1986, we asked the American Association of Zoological Parks and Aquariums (AAZPA) to recommend standards for the humane housing and psychological well-being of nonhuman primates in zoos. The AAZPA submitted its recommendations in January 1987. USDA officials are currently drafting standards for the psychological well-being of primates and for the exercise of dogs. The USDA anticipates that a notice of proposed rulemaking will be published in FY 1988.

In accordance with the 1985 amendment to the Animal Welfare Act, USDA officials have consulted with officials of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) on numerous occasions during development and review of proposals and rules.

Organization for Implementation of the Act

The Animal and Plant Health
Inspection Service (APHIS) is the
USDA Agency responsible for enforcing
the AWA. Enforcement is directed by
the Agency's Assistant Deputy Administrator for Domestic Programs
through four regional offices located
in Englewood, Colorado; Fort Worth,
Texas; Scotia, New York; and Tampa,
Florida.

1. Field Enforcement

Licensing, registration, and inspection are accomplished by a field force of APHIS employees directed by Area Veterinarians in Charge, who are generally located in State capitals. Field officials involved in animal welfare activities include veterinary medical officers, compliance officers, and animal health technicians. Six veterinarians serve as animal care specialists and provide full-time coordination of animal welfare regulatory activities throughout the country.

2. Staff Support

The Animal Care Staff supports the program through the development of policies, procedures, and regulations to achieve national objectives. The staff also plans and conducts training at the national level.

The Compliance and Enforcement Staff supports program activities by providing consultation on investigations, reviewing reports of alleged violations for prosecution or other action, and coordinating training of compliance officers.

Training

APHIS designs and conducts courses to train the field force in effective enforcement of the AWA. Training courses at area, regional, and national levels are conducted by specialists inside and outside APHIS.

During FY 1987, APHIS held two courses at the national level to train veterinarians who inspect research facilities. APHIS also held one orientation course for newly-hired veterinarians.

Additionally, the staff provided four regional training courses to familiarize APHIS veterinarians with the 1985 amendment to the Act.

Licensing and Registration

Facilities subject to the AWA must be licensed or registered. In FY 1987, 6,872 facilities were licensed or registered by the USDA. A listing by State and type of facility appears in table 1 of the appendix.

Separate listings of the licensees and registrants are furnished with this report. This list is broken down by "A" dealers, who sell only animals they raise themselves, and "B" dealers, who sell animals they raise, as well as animals they buy from other sources.

Dealers, operators of auctions selling dogs and cats, and most exhibitors must be licensed and pay an annual fee. Licenses remain valid until terminated voluntarily by the licensee, revoked or suspended by the USDA following notice and an opportunity for a hearing, or terminated automatically if the annual fee is not paid.

The fee is determined by two graduated schedules, one for dealers and another for exhibitors. Dealers (including operators of auction sales) pay between \$5 and \$500; exhibitors between \$5 and \$100. Collections are deposited in the U.S. Treasury as "miscellaneous receipts." During FY 1987, APHIS collected \$181,615 in fees from 5,164 license holders.

The Act and regulations require that research facilities, carriers, and intermediate handlers register with the USDA, but they do not have to pay a fee. Certain exhibitors can register, rather than become licensed. Registrations continue in effect until facilities are disbanded

or merged with those of another registrant. In FY 1987, there were 1,708 registrants.

1. Licensed Dealers

Persons involved in the wholesale pet trade as dealers or breeders must be licensed. Also, suppliers of laboratory animals, sellers of wild animals, and animal brokers must be licensed. During FY 1987, 3,811 dealers were licensed; 638 of these were new licensees.

2. Carriers and Intermediate Handlers

Although registered carriers may include railroads, motor carriers, and shipping lines, most are airlines. Intermediate handlers receive custody of animals in connection with their transportation in commerce, which includes the handling of animals in transit between the consignor and carrier and the carrier and consignee. Some intermediate handlers also operate boarding kennels. During FY 1987, 140 carriers and 250 intermediate handlers registered with the USDA.

3. Animal Exhibitors

Licensed exhibitors operate animal acts, carnivals, circuses, public zoos, roadside zoos, and marine mammal exhibits. Most of the animals exhibited are wild or exotic species, such as lions, tigers, bears, and elephants. More docile species, such as sheep and goats, are generally exhibited in children's zoos and petting

During FY 1987, 1,353 exhibitors were licensed, and 58 exhibitors were registered. Also, 149 voluntarily terminated their licenses, and 1 exhibitor

voluntarily terminated its registration. Licensed exhibitors are those who either obtain or dispose of their animals in commerce or exhibit them for compensation. Registered exhibitors do not buy and sell animals, and they do not accept compensation.

4. Research Facilities

Registered research facilities include hospitals, colleges, universities, pharmaceutical firms, diagnostic laboratories, privately owned medical facilities, State-owned clinics, and cosmetic testing firms. Exempt from registration as research facilities are elementary and secondary schools, Federal agencies, and facilities using exempt species of animals.

There were 1,260 active research facilities at the close of FY 1987, including 70 new registrations. Fifty-four registrations were terminated in FY 1987. In addition, 140 institutions reported that they had not used regulated animals for 2 years in succession. If such facilities anticipate the use of regulated animals in the future, they may ask to be placed in an "inactive" status in lieu of terminating their registration.

All non-Federal and Federal facilities must be in compliance with regulations under the AWA. All non-Federal facilities are monitored for compliance by APHIS veterinarians. Federal facilities are monitored by the head of the Federal agency in which they reside.

APHIS requires that research facilities have an attending or a consulting veterinarian who can provide adequate veterinary care of all regulated laboratory animals. During facility inspections, APHIS veterinarians determine if adequate provisions have been made to ensure

that regulated species are receiving appropriate care and treatment.

5. Reports From Research Facilities

Active and inactive research facilities and Federal research facilities are required to submit an annual report by December 1 each year.

APHIS officials use the report to help ensure that each research facility is conducting testing and experimental procedures consistent with professionally accepted standards required under the AWA.

The report must confirm that the animal care committee or attending veterinarian has approved the types and amounts of anesthetics, analgesics, or tranquilizing drugs used. If pain relief was not provided, the report must verify that the use of the drugs would have interfered with the research tests or experiments.

During FY 1987, APHIS received annual reports from 1,420 institutions, including 1,260 registered facilities, and 160 Federal research facilities (appendix, table 2). Facilities that indicated that they did not use animals during the reporting period are not included in table 2. Of the 1,969,123 animals used in research under the jurisdiction of the AWA, 58.2 percent were not subjected to pain or distress. Another 35.2 percent of the animals received pain relief through pharmaceutical agents (appendix, table 3). The remaining 6.6 percent of the animals did not receive pain relief because these agents would have interfered with testing and experimental results (appendix, table 4).

Inspections and Investigations

APHIS inspects and investigates facilities to ensure that the AWA and the regulations, and standards are followed. APHIS conducted 16,310 inspections in FY 1987.

1. Prelicensing Inspections.

Before a license is issued, APHIS inspects the facility for compliance with the regulations and standards. In 1987, APHIS conducted 1,271 prelicensing inspections.

2. Compliance Inspections

Inspections of all licensed and registered facilities are made to determine compliance with the regulations and standards. APHIS officials reinspect facilities within 30 days after the deadline established for correction of deficiencies. When they find facilities are in compliance on reinspection, no further action is usually taken. If deficiencies persist, APHIS documents them for possible legal action. APHIS conducted 13,234 compliance inspections including 2,082 reinspections. APHIS personnel inspected 6,732 licensed or registered facilities (8,244 sites) at an average of 1.6 times per site in FY 1987. These figures do not reflect prelicensing inspections and inspections of airlines.

3. Inspections of Animals in Transit

APHIS inspectors monitor airlines for compliance with the humane care and handling requirements set forth in the animal welfare regulations. Most inspections take place at large airport facilities. Facilities must maintain their equipment in good repair. Carriers must have properly trained personnel who will ensure adequate humane care and handling of animals in transit. Shipments must meet Federal shipping requirements,

and air carriers are obligated to refuse shipments that do not satisfy Federal standards.

Inspectors monitor the size of primary enclosures for individual animals. They also inspect for compliance with ventilation, temperature, feeding, watering, transit time, and health certification requirements. During the year, APHIS inspectors made 1,966 airline inspections.

With the cooperation of APHIS, the Air Transport Association (ATA) of America developed an informational brochure designed to fulfill the needs of shippers and airlines. The ATA is making copies of the brochure available to the general public. Copies may be obtained by contacting the Air Transport Association of America, 1709 New York Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20006-5206.

4. Complaints and Investigations

APHIS gives prompt consideration and appropriate action to complaints about licensed and registered facilities. During FY 1987, APHIS inspectors investigated 694 complaints; APHIS compliance officers investigated 630 alleged violations (appendix, table 5). These investigations resulted in the submission of 351 apparent violations to the Compliance and Enforcement Staff for possible legal action. After thorough review, 145 apparent violation cases were forwarded to the Office of the General Counsel for possible administrative prosecution. Forty-four cases were settled through administrative procedures resulting in license suspension or revocation, cease-and-desist orders, civil penalties, or a combination of these. The Department resolved an additional 180 less serious violations by

serving violators with the newly implemented official Notice of Warning.

5. Reviews

In FY 1987, APHIS conducted 692 reviews of persons in business to determine whether they required licensing or registration (appendix, table 5).

Special Projects

- 1. After consulting with the National Institutes of Health, APHIS selected a panel of ten experts to make recommendations on the psychological well-being of nonhuman primates. The panel of primate specialists met in Columbia, Maryland, April 21-22, 1987, and submitted its recommendations on primary enclosures, space, exercise, and various enrichment methods. These recommendations are being considered in the drafting of standards for the psychological well-being of primates.
- 2. APHIS presented a seminar at the annual meeting of the American Association of Laboratory Animal Science in Chicago, Illinois, October 9, 1986, to review the December 1985 amendments to the Animal Welfare Act, otherwise known as "The Improved Standards for Laboratory Animals Act."
- 3. The Animal Care Staff established a training position in laboratory animal medicine to improve its level of technical expertise in the management of laboratory animals. In September 1987, the person in that position began a 2-year program in laboratory animal medicine at the Division of Comparative Medicine, Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, Baltimore, Maryland.
- 4. APHIS responded to two external investigations of the program: a General Accounting Office review of

practices surrounding the transportation of puppies and an Office of the Inspector General investigation of public concerns relative to inspection of a licensed dog dealer.

5. APHIS served on the Interagency Research Animal Committee which represents those Federal agencies having concerns for the conservation, supply, use, care and welfare of animals used in biomedical research. Responsibilities of the committee include information exchange, program coordination, and contributions to policy development. Also, APHIS supported activities governed by the Memorandum of Understanding among APHIS, the National Institutes of Health, and the Food and Drug Administration aimed at standardizing Federal standards for the care and use of laboratory animals.

Public Information

In FY 1987, APHIS issued 18 press releases on the Animal Welfare Program.

1. Public Correspondence

APHIS receives inquiries about animal welfare directly from concerned groups and individual citizens and indirectly through referrals from the President, Members of Congress, and other departments of government. In FY 1987, APHIS received 485 letters and 6,727 cards relating to various animal welfare issues and concerns. A majority of the letters dealt with questions about animal welfare regulations to implement the December 1985 amendment to the AWA. Most of the cards contained preprinted statements submitted at the behest of humane organizations expressing concern over animals sold to research facilities.

 Freedom of Information Act Requests

In FY 1987, APHIS received 384 requests resulting in the release of 28,207 documents, 43 booklets, and 5 computer printouts. This was a 26-percent increase from the 303 requests received in FY 1986 and a 13-percent increase from the 24,797 documents provided in FY 1986.

Legislative Recommendations

The Department has no suggestions for amending the Act at this time.

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	ible 1 Number of		Animal	exhibitors	Kegistered
State	handlers/ carriers	Licensed dealers	Licensed	Registered	research facilities
.S. Total	390	3,811	1,353	58	1,260
Alabams	1	9	6	0	13
Alaska	2	Ō	7	0	2
	8	12	11	0	10
Arizona	2	139	17	0	7
Arkansas		98	187	1	151
California	33	70	.10,		
Colorado	13 -	42	22	3	2 3 20
Connecticut	11	5	16	. 0	7
Delaware	0	1	1	-	40
Florida	27	91	183	2	17
Georgia	15	34	19	4	.,
Hava ii	31	2	14	0	4
Idaho	3	7	7	0	4
Illinois	10	75	48	4 -	57
Indiana	3	73	36	0	23
Iowa Iowa	ő	469	15	3	19
	,	567	18	3	21
Kansas	1	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	5
Kentucky	4	16	19	ō	13
Louisiana	ı		7	ĭ	14
Maine	4	11	12	ō	25
Maryland	3	11	14	-	
Massachusetts		. 31	30	2	76 - 45
Michigan	3	32	46	14	
Minnesots	4	87	22	2	25
Mississippi	i	10	8	0	3
Missouri	14	703	27	0	30
Montana	0	8	4	0	, 3
Nebraska	i	203	11	0	12
Nevada	Ž	3	27	0	1
	_	6	10	0	
New Hampshire New Jersey	13	20	22	0	61
•		5	6	0	12
New Mexico	9	3 9	48	Ŏ	96
New York	27		22	6	20
North Carolin		39	5	· i	3
North Dakota Ohio	1	22 68	46	š	62
		412	9	1	15
Oklahoma	2	216	19	ò	16
Oregon	.7	111		ŏ	94
Pennsylvania	17	103	55	ŏ	10
Rhode Island	0	.2		ŏ	6
South Carolin		13	16	ŏ	ž
South Dakota	0	65	.7	ŏ	15
Tennessee	3	31	12	2	69
Texas	29	192	105	-	10
Utah	8	5	10	0	10
Vermont	1	7	2	. 0	•
Virginia	11	24	18	0	19
Virginia Vashington	14	16	21	0	21
West Virginia		3	7	0	. 6
Wisconsin	6	54	69	1	22
Wyoning	, ŏ	3	2	- 1	4
•					
District of Columbia	2	0	0 12	0	8 10

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	Number of	INDIA	Table 2.—Animals used in experimentation, fiscal year 1987 Number of animals								
	Number of _					Guines	_	9-6549-	Wild		
	reporting facilities	Total	Dogs	Cats	Prinates	pigs	ameters	Rabbits	animale		
S. Total	1,183	1,969,123	180,169	50,145	61,392	538,998	416,002	554,385	168,032		
	,,	27,223	2,880	602	365	226	18,773	2,213	2,164		
labama	12	356	8	0	0	10	0	17	321		
laska	2 9	5,368	756	416	118	153	379	3,185	361 8		
rizona		1,334	215	100	10	324	216	461			
rkausas	5	196,706	7,960	3,470	3,567	40,185	39,242	93,7 99	8,483		
alifornia	117	1,0,700	,,,,,,				14 004	5,625	8,854		
olorado	16	38,019	3,174	1,423	140	3,899	14,904 1,405	5,389	86		
onnecticut		12,138	2,013	270	232	2,543	22,679	1,416	2,54		
elavare	5	54,123	1,381	14	172	25,917	2,093	8,419	66		
lorida	33	17,942	2,100	483	1,360	2,822 803	15,692	7,636	3,334		
eorgia	11,	33,025	2,309	719	2,532	. 803	13,072	.,	-,		
	*		1.4	5	136	321	3,100	684	610		
avaii	3	4,872	16	0	.50	66	540	185	663		
dabo	3	1,547	94	-	1,739	28,551	12,383	43,327	10,54		
llinois	48	107,909	9,489	1,879	374	20,133	6,549	7,154	4,25		
ndiana	18	47,409	8,045	901	175	2,634	16,223	4,902	90		
.ova	14	31,165	3,805	2,519	1/3	-,034		•	•		
		20 000	1,218	270	18	9,818	23,161	4,729	61		
ansas	18	39,828	700	530	12	707	802	1,858	24		
entucky	5	4,855		1,568	4,698	1,383	816	3,376	1,78		
ouisiana	11	15,111	1,486 2	1,300	7,0,0	15	25	873	23		
leine	12	1,151		990	971	5,045	4,870	9,813	4,22		
aryland	20	29,043	3,130	,,,,	3		•				
		51,317	2,529	627	1,173	8,436	12,205	21,040	5,30		
lessachuse			9,785	1,878	2,764	26,550	7,614	24,649	6,22		
lichigan	35	79,467	5,449	1,146	142	6,679	3,618	7,367	2,23		
iinnesota	17	26,639	202	148	54	285	289	866	48		
iississipp:		2,331	5,424	2,060	317	7,493	10,776	12,780	2,43		
iissouri	27	41,288	3,444	-,		•					
	3	1,284	. 0	20	25	556		496	18		
lontana	6	26,784	1,509	577	58	1,751		3,494	1,41		
iebraska		665	154	0	0	381		123			
Hevada	ire 3	1,913	103	369	0	0		565	66		
Hew Hempsh		181,579	13,968	1,147	3,525	69,934	27,708	58,729	6,56		
New Jarsey	37	101,577	,		•			4	3,60		
New Mexico	9	7,907	1,430	77	846	536		457	12,67		
Hew York	78	119,125	8,763	2,827	3,079	46,704	17,200	27,873	3,19		
North Caro		36,974	7,121	2,016	3,416	8,700		10,266	47		
		1,072	137	47	0	87		326	6,8		
North Dako Ohio	55	75,024	9,672	1,768	680	29,649	4,958	21,435	0,0		
	•				205	335	1,042	1,605	2,3		
Oklahoma	12	7,813	1,311	747	385			2,724	30		
Oregon	. 13	7,277	838	409		1,629 43,286		29,936	5,2		
Pennsylvas	1a 80	102,813	15,830	3,125		33,280		486	2		
thode Isla		1,744	331	442		10		1,083	4		
South Care		3,086	803	407	92	10		2,000			
	_		102	16	. 0	10	90	74			
South Dake		292	3,278	593		5,35		9,920	3		
Termessee	15	27,911	8,434			5,72		17,190	4,5		
Texas	57	56,719		228					1,0		
Utah	5	6,791	671 113		_				ī		
Vermont	3	1,844	113	J.	. •						
## # - # -	14	29,632	4,433	863	1,418	7,11	2 2,357		4,8		
Virginia		24,323	2,066			8,57			3,1		
Washington	-	2,019	168			99					
West Virgi	lnia 4	42,380	3,438						3,8		
Wisconsin	3	1,268	30				5 490	55	:		
Wyoming	,	.,250			_	_		750			
Puerto Lie	co 8	2,928	32	(1,834	. 5	6 250	, /30			
District		•		_			0 509	1,172	2,8		
Columbia	5	7,178					-		•		
Virgin Is		0		. () 0)	0 0	, •			
Federal							9 91 917	67,272	34,5		
Agencie	s 160	320,612	20,242	7,27	12,536	93,90	7 84,817	-,,-,-	1.		

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	iumber of					Number of animals Guines			Wild		
	eporting acilities	Total	Dogs	Cats	Primates	pigs	Hemsters	Rabbits	animals		
S. Total	837	692,247	121,021	34,649	22,127	131,901	118,602	201,003	62,944		
a ba ns	10	5,413	2,372	410	32	113	922	1,278	286		
Laska	2	100	8	0	0	2	0	12	78		
12004	8	3,540	552	369	31	70	0	2,422	96		
rkansas	ž	690	121	6	0	226	180	157	0	-	
lifornia	73	76,744	6,598	1,969	1,775	6,839	21,256	35,194	3,113		
lorado	10	4,021	1,426	903	31	81	0	1,060	520		
nnecticut	• • •	_ 5,765	1,545	178	110	429	754	2,700	49		
lavare	Ś	18,127	731	8	11	3,721	12,028	591	1,037		
	18	7,855	1,801	444	46	357	931	3,725	551		
lorida lor gia	9	16,037	1,566	592	411	452	6,008	6,049	95 9		
_	3	398	0	0	20	50	230	98.	0		
ivali		736	62	ŏ	0	0	0	39	635		
laho	2		5,899	942	899	7,712	4,001	6,409	7,651		
llisois	37	33,513	5,458	844	95	4,006	1,425	920	1,496		
ndiana	14	14,244	3,027	1,672	165	1,346	2,258	2,662	145		
ova.	9	11,275	3,027	•		•	•	_	474		
2548	10	3,173	640	151	11	243	1,219	637	272	•	
ntucky	4	2,950	495	422	6	616	332	833	246		
uisiana	6	7,231	1,407	1,403	672	277	415	2,374	683	-	
ine	4	186	0	0	0	0	0	53	133		
ryland	12	22,625	2,859	974	672	3,692	3,448	8,285	2,695		
· 	ta 39	20,745	2,452	573	834	2,391	5,876	7,320	1,299		
ssachuseti	22	25,335	5,905	1,585	503	6,363	3,061	5,399	2,499		
chigan	11	13,735	4,681	1,080	71	3,000	1,146	2,521	1,236		
nnesota	2	1.893	197	148	18	218	124	800	388		
asissippi asouri	18	11,801	2,239	604	166	2,447	1,096	3,819	1,430	***	
	2	384	0	20	0.	0	0	330	34		
ntana braska	3	1,936	449	78	39	6	10	1,035	31 9 0		
vada	1	162	154	0	0	0	0	8	102		
w Hampshi:	_	1,106	103	369	0	0	6	526			
w Jersey	42	44,058	7,276	502	1,575	17,206	7,994	7,758	1,747	**.	
		1 245	578	73	62	84	49	221	278		
w Nexico	. 5	1,345		1,901	1,049	21,588	7,486	11,997	5,127	•	
w York	60	54,624	5,476	867	355	1,613		5,591	1,285		
rth Carol:		15,536	5,199	47	0	0	_	116	0		
rth Dekot	a 2	290 28,437	127 7,456	1,455	120	5,219	[8,722	3,735	•	
ío	7,	· ·		-		52	9	1,197	1.018		
lahoma	9	3,968	1,045	518	129	1,209	-	1,581	59		
egon	9	4,158	505	299	312			5,650	2,180		
nnsylvani		22,865	4,848	2,180	351	6,417 32	•	202	16		
ode Islan		1,077	331 574	432 303	24 92	0		681	117		
uth Carol	ina 4	1,767				_		62	0		
uth Dakot	a 2	257	91	4	0	10		3,639	90		
DRESSEE	8	8,336	1,805	396	148	884					
346	36	34,689	7,683	1,019	2,404	3,641		12,897	2,646 450		
ah	3	2,440	604	225	3			954		•	
rmont	ì	1,672	113	25	0	153	72	1,186	143		
rginia	10	11.872	1,952	601	- 59		1,880	3,700			
gginia shington	14	7,689	1,.551	359	695			1,410			
et Virgia		623	140	44	4			104			
sconsin	16	7,340	1,896	689	338			2,816			
oojut acomern	2	119	30	5	0	0) 13	6	65		
erto Rico		1,176	32	6	1,137	C	0	1			
istrict of		1,631	515	275	0			335			
Columbia Ergin Isla	ads 0	1,631	. 313	0	Ŏ		0	0			
deral Agencies	141	124,558	18,447	6,680	6,652	25,599	21,254	32,921	13,005		
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he purpose o	mber of		,,		N	mber of a	niesis		- 1027 7
	porting					Guinea			Wild
	cilities	Total	Dogs	Cats	Primates	pigs	Hamsters	Rabbita	animal
.S. Total	189	130,373	2,825	294	1,309	59,361	37,255	23,794	5,535
labama	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lasks	ŏ	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
rizona	ĭ	119	0	0	0.	. 0	0	119	0
rkansas	ŏ	0	0	0	0	. 0		0	0 400
alifornia	12	14,688	38	43	120	8,389	4,203	1,495	
colorado	1	110	0	23	. 0	0	0 100	57 342	30 0
connecticut	6	767	241	0	26	58	120	370	ŏ
elaware	2	5,918	6	0	8	5,784 0	0	ğ	ŏ
lorida	3	. 9	0	0	0	0	ŏ	ó	10
eorgia	2	19	0	0	9	v	·	-	
iavaii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
[dabo	0	0	0	0	0	213	50	515	64
Illinois	11	1,007	108	3	54 3	5,480	0	704	ō
ndiana lowa	5 2	6,26 8 4,849	81 0	0	9	246	4,346	234	23
		•	2	0	0	7,989	14,540	1,466	0
Censes	2	23,997	0	ŏ	ŏ	,,,,,	0	0	0
Centucky	0	.0	0	18	434	ŏ.	ō	97	0
ouisians	2	549 9	. 0	.0	0	ŏ	Ó	9	0
isine ieryland	1 2	98	o	ŏ	ŏ	. 0	0	-80	18
· ·	a 10	581	0	0	26	104	0	451	0
Assachusett	8	5,995	16	ō	24	2,566	616	530	2,243
lichigan	ì	822	16	0	0	617	. 3	186	0
linnesots	i	36	ő	Ö	0	0	1 0	36	0
iississippi Lissouri	7	9,045	24	17	0	2,463	6,504	37	0
iontans	0 _	. 0	0	0	0	. 0	o o	0	9
lebraska	0	Ŏ	0	0	0	O.	0	0	g
Nevada	ŏ	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q Q
New Hampshir	e 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	110
lew Jersey	23	13,161	310	52	69	3,725	2,935	5,960	
lew Mexico	1	12	0	0	0	. 0	0 67	12 503	54
New Tork	14	833	28	19	5	157	ő	303	320
North Caroli		357	30	5	2	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	
North Dakota		0	0	0	8	2,568	16	585	19
Obio	10	3,452	81	0	•				
klahoma	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
regon	.0	-	39	ŏ	24	973	ō	5,569	5
Pennsylvania		6,656	0	ŏ	ò	0	0	0	
Rhode Island		ĭ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	oʻ	0	4	
South Caroli		ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ō	0	0	0	
South Dakota	, ,	1,790	10	3	ŏ	0	0	1,777	,
Cennessee Cexas	3	1,070	42	3	41	250	. 0	734	
Jtah	2	12	ō	ì	0	0		6	
Ver m oat	ī	55	Ŏ	Ó	0	0	0	55	
Virginia	4	3,303	1,040	0	40	1,915		56	25
Vashington	2	7,539	0	0	2	7,537		0	
West Virgini		0	0	0	0	0		0 95	
isconsin.	2	127	Q.	0	0	32		. 0	
Hyoming	0	0	0	0	0	O ,	-		
Puerto Rico	. 1	22	0	0	0	22	0	0	
District of	1	12	0	0	0	0		12	
Columbia Virgin Isla:		0	ŏ	. 0	ŏ	Ō		0	
Pederal Agencies	25	17,082	713	107	414	8,273	3,755	2,059	1,76
		,							

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State	Complaints	of inspections, f	Compliance	Reviews	Alleged violations investigated	
U.S. Total	694	1,441	13,234	692	630	
Liabama	3	0	89	1	0 ,	
Llaska	0	0	. 0	0	0 1	
Arizona	2	4	110	Ö	0	
Arkansas	0	.0	170	ŏ	47	
California	62	10	1,432	-		
Colorado -	19	22 12	190 96	0	16 0	
Connecticut	5	. 12	28	ŏ	Ö	
Celavare	2 - 22	63	600	59	29	
lorida	22	16	184	7	17	
Georgia	4			•	2	
Haveii	0	3 8	71 40	0 5	ő	
Idaho Illinois	19	31	325	54	36	
Indiana	13	16	91	22	14	
Towa	56	110	678	13	4	
Cansas	24	163	912	. 4	29	
Kentucky	5	5	44	10	0	
Louisians	2	5	121	8 0	1	
faine	4	3 3	92 194	2	15	
daryland	36			0	15	
Massachusetts	3	13	329 306	7	9	
Michigan	10	11 33	226	3	51	
dinnesota	3 2	33 7	84	ŏ	13	
Kiseissippi Missouri	96	318	1,103	1	52	
	0	3	30	1	0	
Montana Nebraska	15	9i	351	0	12	
Nevada	8	5	90	9	3 0	
New Hampehire	5	4	58	0	26	
New Jersey	27	2	315	v		
New Mexico	5	.6	45 73 8	15 17	2 77	
New York	10	10	736 140	22	16	
North Carolina	24	2 8 7	61	21	2	
North Dakota Ohio	3 42	20	425	0	23	
	30 ·	78	535	20	19	
Oklahoma	27	44	270	17	5	
Oregon Pennsylvania	23	108	753	319	24	
Rhode Island	0	8	50	0 7	0	
South Carolina	0	3	43	,	•	
South Dakota	9	21	157	0	1 6	
Tennessee	1	7	125 589	1 9 0	29	
Texas	18	70 1	46	3	6	
Utah Ver m ont	2 0	i	38	Ō	0	
T4 4 - 4 -	5	11	128	0	. 1	
Virginia Washington	21	• • •	188	10	7	
West Virginia	-6	0	42	11	2	
Visconsin	18	38	369	1 4	13 0	
Wyoming	3	0	29			
Puerto Rico	1	10	104	0	5	
District of	0	0	0	0	0	
Columbia Virgim Islands	_	ŏ	Ö	0	0	

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Separates (Lists)
Summary (1)
                                             . Licensed Dealers
Appropriation for FY 1987 (1)
                                               Registered Research Facilities
Legislation (1)
                                               Licensed Exhibitors
Regulations (2)
                                               Registered Exhibitors
Organization for Implementation
                                               Registered Carriers and
  of the Act (3)
                                                 Intermediate Handlers
     Field Enforcement (3)
     Staff Support (3)
     Training (3)
Licensing and Registration (4)
     Licensed Dealers (4)
     Carriers and Intermediate Handlers (4)
     Animal Exhibitors (4)
     Research Facilities (5)
    Reports from Research Facilities (5)
Inspections and Investigations (6)
     Prelicensing Inspections (6)
     Compliance Inspections (6)
     Inspections of Animals in Transit (6)
     Complaints and Investigations (6)
     Reviews (7)
Special Projects (7)
Public Information (7)
  : Public Correspondence (7)
     Freedom of Information Act Requests (8)
Legislative Recommendations (8)
Appendix
          Number of active licensees and
Table 1.
          registrants (9)
          Animals used in experimenta-
 Table 2.
           tion (10)
          Animals experiencing pain or
 Table 3.
           distress (drugs omitted
           because they would interfere
          with the purpose of research or
           testing) (11)
           Animals to which pain-relieving
 Table 4.
           drugs were administered to
           avoid pain or distress (12)
 Table 5. Number of inspections (13)
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